

Forecast the Stock Market Using Time Series and Regression Models

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ABSTRACT

Stock Market prediction is a complex and burdensome task but it is of great advantage for all the stock market investors. The main reason behind this difficulty in stock market prediction is that the price of the stock keeps fluctuating with respect to time on the basis of various parameter like economics, politics, natural disasters, man-made disasters and market psychology. In order to predict we try to analyze the future value of the stock of each company. Now we are in an attempt to predict the stock using Machine learning algorithms like Time Series algorithms and Regression algorithm on the bases of the historical stock data. The factor we have taken into consideration is close price of the stock market. In this project we forecast the best prediction value using ensemble techniques over all the algorithms applied.

Keywords: Stock price, prediction, machine learning algorithm.

I. INTRODUCTION

Today stock market has gained the interest of many people. Stock market has been a place where the people are allowed to buy and sell stock in companies as investments. Having a stock in a company is like sharing the ownership in the company. Stock market is a platform which allows investors to buy and sell stocks. The growth of the company also influence the shares brought by the investors . If the company gains a profit then the profit is shared with all the investors in the ratio of the shares they have brought. similarly the losses of the company is also shared with the investors. The exchange of stock is allowed between the investors. The stock price often fluctuates due to many factors like economics, politics, natural disaster, manmade disasters and market psychology. Stock prediction has now gained attention of many investors as it is hugely profitable. Assume that you are interested in buying a stock in a company but you don't know anything about stock market. In

such a situation our system act a medium which predicts the company's stock for the next upcoming month thereby giving an idea for the user on which is the great time to buy a stock in that company at a profitable rate. This application helps the investors to get a clear picture of the stock markets and the future fluctuation in it. This application also helps to analyze between the stock of various companies which helps the investors to make investment in the profitable company. Our project is to forecast the stock for the next month using the 2 years of historical data. Here we use various time series forecasting models and regression models based on the nature of the dataset the best models are chosen to forecast for the next month by ensemble.

The objective of this project is to predict the stock of nifty 50 with least mean absolute percentage error thereby forecasting with higher accuracy.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

1. A Prediction Approach For Stock Market Volatility Based On Time Series Data

In this paper the author is using ARIMA model. ARIMA does not require a set of predictor variable. ARIMA is a method in which we analyze the future data using the previous historical dataset. In this method we use a time series data. The time series data is one in which we have date as one attribute and one additional attribute. This data must not have a null value if it has then we must change the null value into an appropriate value. But the ARIMA performs shows some poor result when its sizes are small for long-term predictions. The ARIMA is good only for shorter period of prediction using small sizes. When the data set is large and we want a short term prediction then it won't be better to use ARIMA model. It can't be used for all the type of dataset.



2. Survey of Stock Market Prediction Using Machine Learning Approach

This paper presents a new design in which the author advises to use Support Vector regression in order to predict the stock price fluctuation. Support vector regression works well with small dataset and it is not efficient for larger dataset system, thus support vector regression won't give more accurate prediction in terms of stock market forecast where we usually use a larger set of historical dataset for prediction. Another major disadvantage of support vector regression is that it gives a poor result in case of noisy data.

3. Stock Market Analysis Using Supervised Machine Learning

In this paper the author recommends the supervised learning technique to predict the stock markets. Using this method we can get to know very specifically about the definition of the classes, which means that we can train the classifier in a way which has a perfect decision boundary to differentiate different classes accurately. We can specifically determine how many classes we want to have in case of supervised learning. The major disadvantage of supervised learning is that it takes a lot of compilation time. In case of supervised learning we need to train the model with a lot a dataset which is a burdensome task to accomplish.

4. Short-Term Prediction For Opening Price Of Stock Market Based On Self-Adapting Variant Pso-Elman Neural Network

In this paper the author suggest the usage of neural network in prediction. Neural networks are versatile and may be used for each regression and classification issues. Any information which may be made numerical can be employed in the model, as neural network could be a mathematical model with approximation functions. Neural networks area unit are sensible to model with nonlinear information with sizable amount of images. it's reliable inputs; for instance. in Associate in Nursing approach of tasks involving several options. It works by rending the matter of classification into a stratified network of easier components.

Once trained, the predictions area unit pretty quick.

Neural networks is trained with any range of inputs and layers. Neural networks work best with a lot of information points. The disadvantage is Neural networks are black boxes, meaning we cannot know how much each independent variable is influencing the dependent variables. It is computationally very expensive and time consuming to coach with traditional CPUs. Neural networks depend a lot on training data. This results in the matter of over-fitting and generalization. The mode relies more on the training data and should be tuned to the info.

III. EXISTING SYSTEM

In existing system stock market prediction works well with few set of data and gives a poor performance with other set of data as they use only one or two machine learning algorithm and each of this algorithm has its own advantages and disadvantages. Some works best with large dataset and some of the existing system works well with smaller dataset. There is no existing system which gives great performance irrespective of the dataset size.

IV. PROPOSED SYSTEM

In this project we are going to use some time series algorithm and some regression algorithm. Here we are going to dynamically choose a three best algorithm, of the 3 chosen algorithm we will apply the average ensemble method to give an 90% accurate prediction. The three best algorithm is chosen based on the MAPE (Mean Average Percentage Error) value.



Fig. 1: High level architectural diagram

V. MODULES

- 1. DATA PREPROCESSING MODULE
- 2. ALGORITHM APPLICATION MODULE
- 3. ENSEMBLE MODULE

1. DATA PREPROCESSING MODULE

In order to apply time series model, the dataset must be stationary data. The stationary data is one in which the stationary property are constant very time. This property includes mean, median and variance. Before converting the data into stationary data, the data is decomposed into original, trend , seasonal and residual part. Then the data set is



split into train and test part in order to undergo prediction. Here 80% of the dataset is taken as train part and 20% is taken as test part.



Fig. 2: Data flow diagram for data preprocessing

2. ALGORITHM APPLICATION MODULE

In this method we tried to use various time series algorithms and regression algorithm to improve the performance of our system. The time series algorithm used are moving average, ARIMA, auto regression, exponential smoothening, holts winter. The regression algorithm used are linear regression, random forest, support vector machine, XGBoost, decision tree, k-nearest neighbour. The best of the algorithm is chosen using the MAPE. The prediction is 90% accurate when the MAPE value is less than 10%.



Fig. 3: Data flow diagram for algorithm application

3. ENSEMBLE MODULE

Ensemble methods is a machine learning technique that combines several base models in order to produce one optimal predictive model. The goal of any machine learning problem is to to seek out one model which will best predict our wanted outcome. Rather than making one model and hoping this model is the best accurate predictor we will make, ensemble methods take a myriad of models under consideration and average those models to produce one final model.



Fig. 4: Data flow diagram for ensemble



WINTING AVERAKE= 18.9555541827414 AUTO VEGRESSTUN= 14.85283889889298 HUTS FOREASTING= 3.669764122422333 EXPORENTIAL SWATHERING= 5.95971245620807 LINEAR= 18.196704806905864 RANDOM FOREST= 4.741742040805122 SUPPORT VECTOR= 18.391198028080152 [92:32:07] VARDING: /kon/space/src/td/jettive/regression_obj.cu:152: regilinear is now deprecated in favor of regisspurederror. X08= 4.715801555273228 DECISION TREE= 6.114084785144751 KNN= 4.53111612339685







Fig. 7: test and forecast value

VII. FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

This works better for dataset having nearly a stable growth or decline. If there is a sudden drastic change in the dataset the accuracy of the prediction may be poor. Thus a new algorithm can be created to overcome this effect of unstable dataset. The prediction is only based on the close value of the stock it could be enhanced to include the other attributes lie open, high ,low and so on. Only one dataset applied to train and test the models. The system can only predict the direction(up/down) for the next trading month. In the future, regression model and time series model will be used in order to predict the price moment for the future and the results will be compared with other data processing techniques by applying different dataset from different stock market index.

VIII. CONCLUSION

This application used for stock prediction given an output with more accurate value then the existing models. The MAPE value is found to be less than 5%. The technique of dynamically choosing the best prediction models has lead to the more accurate prediction. We can also improvise the prediction by adding ever some more time series and regression models in this application . We must work on data which is noisy. This application is developed in order to help the investors analyze the stock market and make their decisions wisely in buying and selling of stocks.

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